P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Fifth Semester of B. Tech. Examination December 2022

SECH 3021 Mass Transfer Operation II Time: 10:00 a.m. To 12:30 p.m.

25.11.2022, Friday

Maximum Marks: 60

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- 1. The question paper comprises of two sections.
- 2. Section I and II must be attempted in separate answer sheets.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.
- 4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

| | SECTION - I | | | |
|-----------|---|------|----|-----|
| Q-1 | Solve MCQ (Any Five) | [05] | CO | BTL |
| (i) | The equilibrium characteristics of the solubility of a gas in liquid helps to determine the | | | |
| | a) Rate b) Concentration c) Time d) No existence of equilibrium characteristics | 7 | | |
| (ii) | A new phase is given for the separation by distillation. | | | |
| | a) True b) False | | | |
| (iii) | Solubility of a gas increases with increase in temperature. | | | |
| | a) True b) False | * | | |
| (iv) | McCabe -Thiele method excludes information. | | | |
| | a) Entropy b) Enthalpy c) Flow rate d) Number of theoretical stages | | | |
| (v) | The component A and B has the same boiling point. Can the separation is done by ordinary separation? | | | |
| | a) True b) False | | | |
| (vi) | The Enriching section operating line intercept at the origin in McCabe-Thiele | | | |
| | method when | | | |
| | a) Reflux ratio = Zero b) Reflux ratio= Infinity c) Reflux ratio= One d) Reflux ratio= 1.5 to 2 times Reflux minimum | | | |
| (vii) | If there is no reflux to a fractionating column then | | | |
| (VII) | a) Large condenser size is needed b) Less reboiler size needed | | | |
| | c) Minimum number of trays d) None of the mentioned | | | |
| Q-2(a) | Define : Reflux ratio, Total reflux, minimum reflux | [05] | 1 | 1 |
| Q-2(b) | Explain McCabe and Thiele method for tray calculation with Assumption | - | 1 | 1 |
| | OR | [05] | 1 | 3 |
| Q - 2 (a) | Explain separation in Enriching and Stripping section of continuous rectification column also | [05] | 1 | 3 |
| Q-2(b) | Draw a schematic diagram of a conventional fractionating column and explain how mass transfer takes place between two phases in the column. | [05] | 1 | 3 |
| Q - 3 (a) | Distinguish Plate and Packed towers. Explain Flooding and loading in packed towers | [05] | 2 | 4 |
| Q-3 (b) | Explain in detail about choice of solvent used for absorption and absorption with chemical reaction | [05] | 3 | 1 |
| | OR | | | |
| Q-3(a) | Write the any five properties of a good solvent for extraction | [05] | 3 | 1 |
| Q-3(b) | Explain how will you find out the final composition of the solute in the raffinate | [05] | 3 | 3 |

| | for immiscible solvent and diluents in single and multistage cross current | | | |
|-----------|--|-------|---|----|
| 0.4 | extraction Attempt any one /two | [05] | | |
| Q-4 | Attempt any one/two. Write the stepwise procedure for calculating the number of stages when A and | [03] | 1 | 3 |
| (i) | B are immisicible for continuous counter extraction operation. | | 1 | 3 |
| | Bare ministrible for continuous counter extraction operation. | | | |
| | SECTION - II | | | |
| Q-1 | Solve MCQ (Any Five) | [05] | | |
| (i) | Liquid-liquid mixture is separated with solvent extraction by adding | 40000 | | |
| | solvent. | | | |
| | a) Soluble b) Insoluble c) Partially soluble d) All of the mentioned | | | |
| (ii) | Which of the following forces is involved in physical adsorption? | | | |
| | a) Gravitational force b) Magnetic force c) Van der Waals force | | | |
| | d) Electromagnetic force | | | |
| (iii) | A finely divided substance is more effective as an adsorbent. | 1 | | |
| | a) True b) False | | | |
| (iv) | Solvent lean phase are known as | | | |
| | a) Extract b) Raffinate c) Residue d) None of the mentioned | | | |
| (v) | The removal of soluble materials from the solid is known as | | | |
| | a) Elution b) Decoction c) Extraction d) None of the mentioned | | | |
| (vi) | In order to reduce the time required for the removing solute the sugar beets are | | | |
| | cut into slices known as | | | |
| | a) Cossettes b) Coset c) Consort d) All of the mentioned | | | |
| (vii) | is the single stage device in extractor types. | | | |
| | a) Mixer settler b) Sieve trays c) Agitator vessel d) Packed column | | | |
| Q - 2 (a) | Explain physical adsorption Explain adsorption for concentrated solutions | [05] | 4 | 3 |
| Q-2(b) | Discuss the types of adsorption, nature of adsorbents and also list-out important | [05] | 4 | 3 |
| | industrial adsorbents | | | |
| 0.0() | OR | FOE1 | | 2 |
| Q-2(a) | Explain chemisorptions Explain adsorption of solute for dilute solutions | [05] | 4 | 3 |
| Q - 2 (b) | What do you mean by Ion Exchange? Describe techniques and application of ion | [05] | 4 | 3 |
| 0.2(a) | exchange. | [05] | _ | 3 |
| Q - 3 (a) | Write the material balance for the Single stage and Multistage Counter Current Extraction with neat sketch | [05] | 5 | 3 |
| Q-3(b) | Describe selection criteria for solvent in Extraction. | [05] | 5 | 3 |
| Q-3 (b) | OR | [03] | 3 | .5 |
| 0.2 | | [10] | 5 | 4 |
| Q-3 | Nicotine in water containing 1%Nicotine is to be extracted with kerosene at 200°C water. Water and kerosene are insoluble. Estimate the percentage | [10] | 3 | 4 |
| | extraction of Nicotine for the following cases. | | | |
| | (i) If 100 kg of feed solution is extracted in a single stage with 150 kg of solvent. | | | |
| • | (ii) If 100 kg of feed solution is extracted in three theoretical stages | | | |
| | using 50kg of fresh solvent in each stage. | | | |
| | Equilibrium data: | | | |
| | X' 0 0.00101 0.00246 .0.00502 0.00751 0.00998 0.0204 | | | |
| | Y' 0 0.00081 0.001962 0.00456 0.00686 0.00913 0.0197 | | | |
| | Where X' is kg nicotine/kg water and Y' is kg nicotine/kg kerosene. | | | |
| | | | | |

Q-4 Solve [05]
(i) Describe working of pressure swing adsorber 4 3

CO : Course Outcome Number BTL : Blooms Taxonomy Level

Level of Bloom's Revised Taxonomy in Assessment

1: Remember 2: Understand 3: Apply

4: Analyze 5: Evaluate 6: Create